

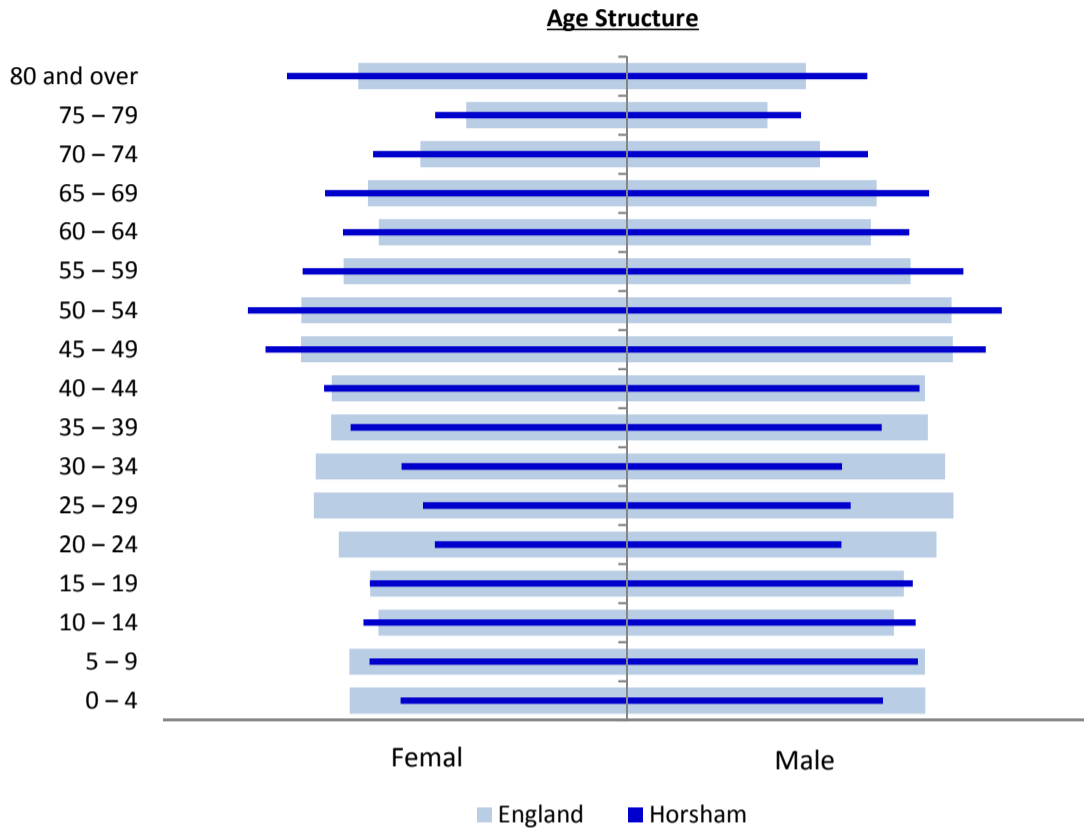
Appendix 13.1: Community Profile

HORSHAM HEALTH AND WELLBEING BASELINE

Introduction

Evidence suggests that different communities have varying susceptibilities to health impacts and benefits as a result of social and demographic structure, behaviour and relative economic circumstance; the aim of the following information which makes up this community profile, is to put into context the local health circumstance of the surrounding communities of Britaniacrest Recycling Facility drawing from available statistics. The study area comprises the local authority of Horsham, with the closest communities residing in Warnham and Horsham.

Demography



Population Change			
Area	2013	2016	Change (%)
Horsham	132,878	138,018	3.9
West Sussex	821,356	843,765	2.7
South East	8,792,766	9,026,297	2.7
England	53,865,817	55,268,067	2.6

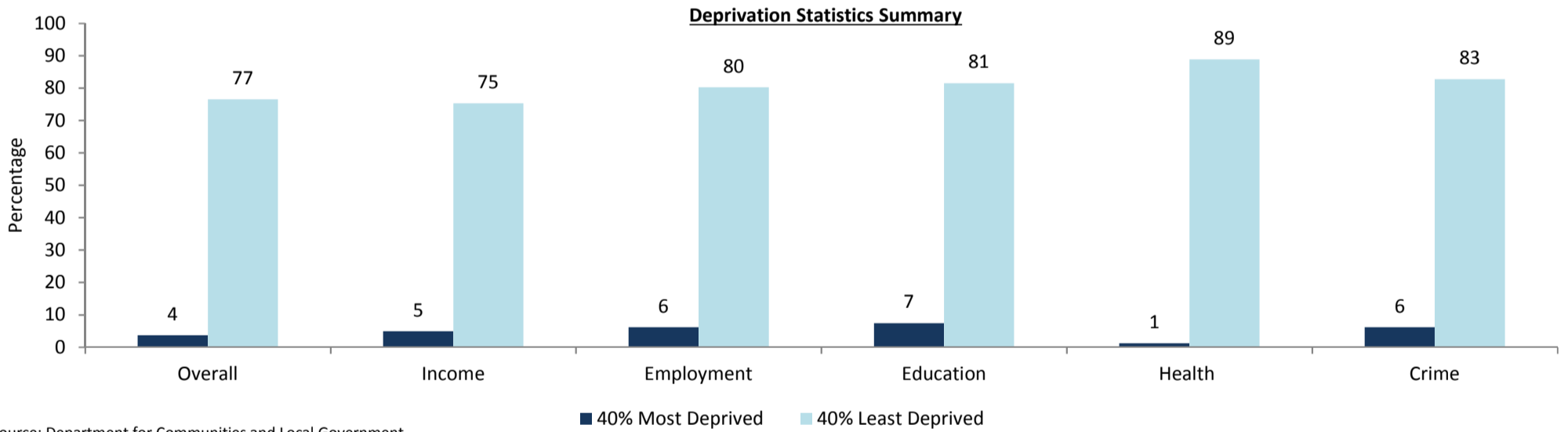
Source: Office for National Statistics

The level of population growth within Horsham is higher than the county, regional and national averages.

Horsham has a higher proportion of 10-19 and 45-80+ year olds compared to nationally. Conversely, there is a lower proportion of 0-4 and 20-39 year olds. Overall, the age demographic is relatively elderly.

Source: Office for National Statistics

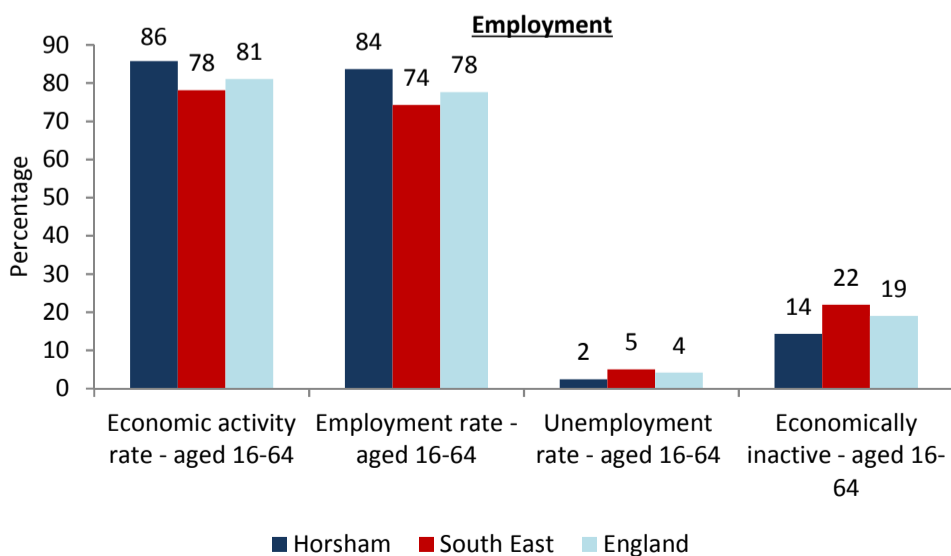
Deprivation



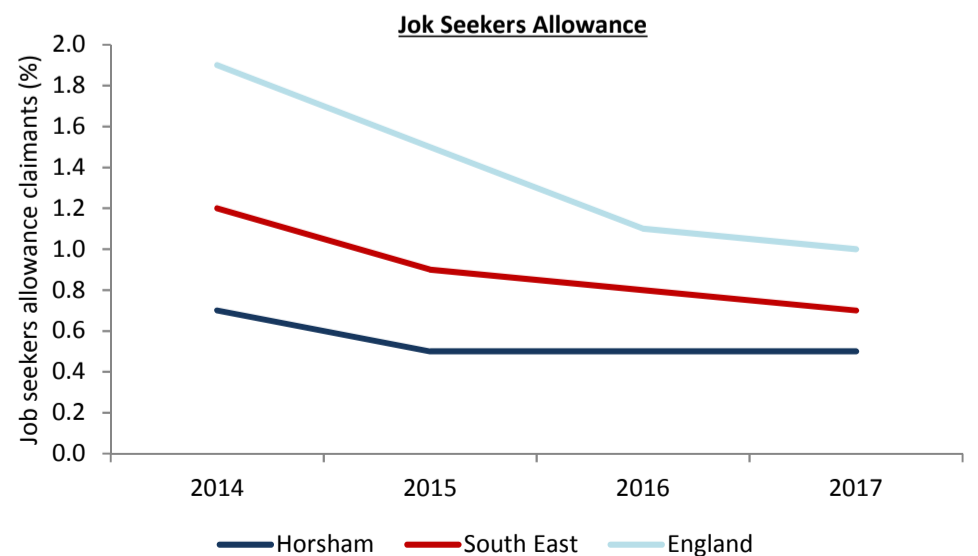
Source: Department for Communities and Local Government

Deprivation statistics show that the majority of Lower Super Output Areas (LSOAs) in the Horsham local authority are in the top 40% least deprived nationally across all domains. Health is the least deprived domain as it has the highest proportion of LSOAs in the top 40% least deprived nationally and the lowest proportion of LSOAs in the top 40% most deprived. Education and crime are the most deprived domains as they have the lowest proportion of LSOAs in the top 40% least deprived and the highest proportion of LSOAs in the top 40% most deprived.

Socio-economic Factors

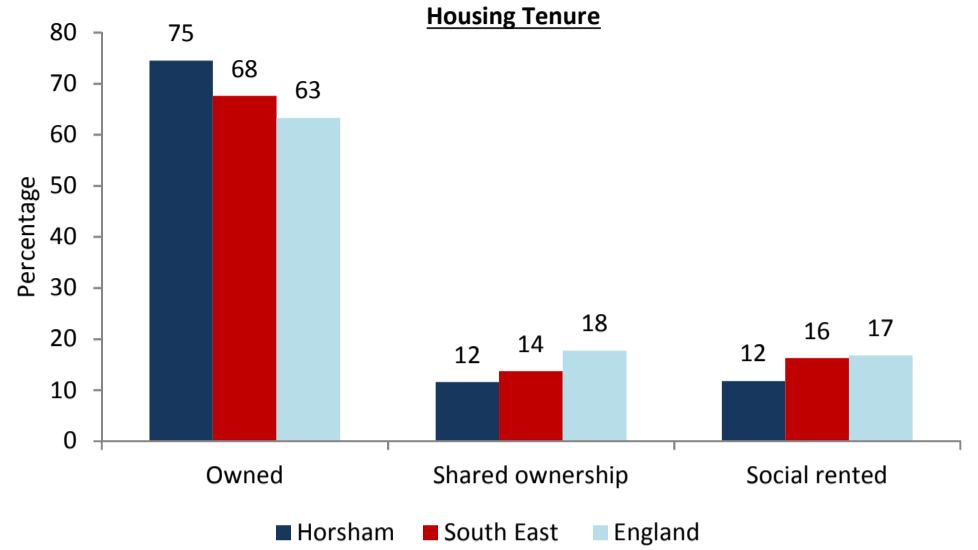
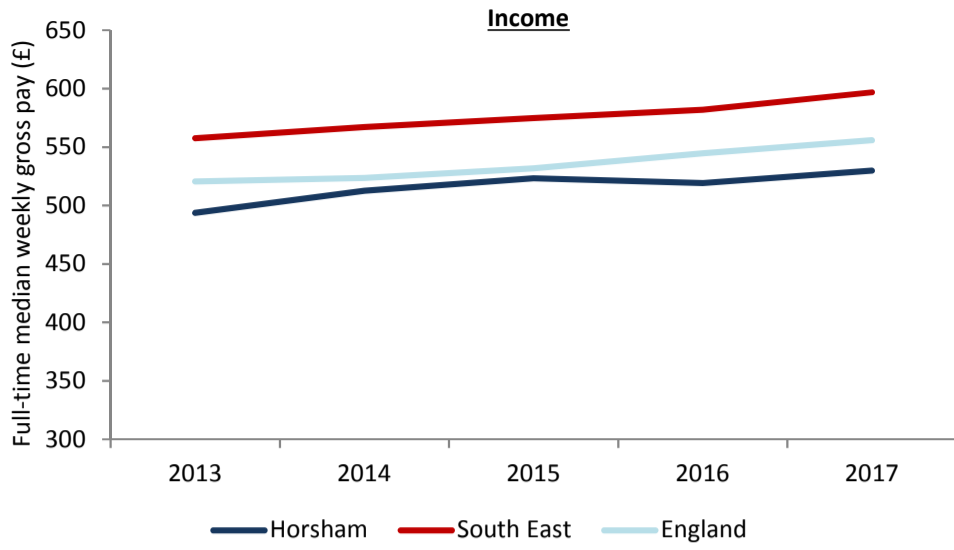


Source: NOMIS



Source: NOMIS

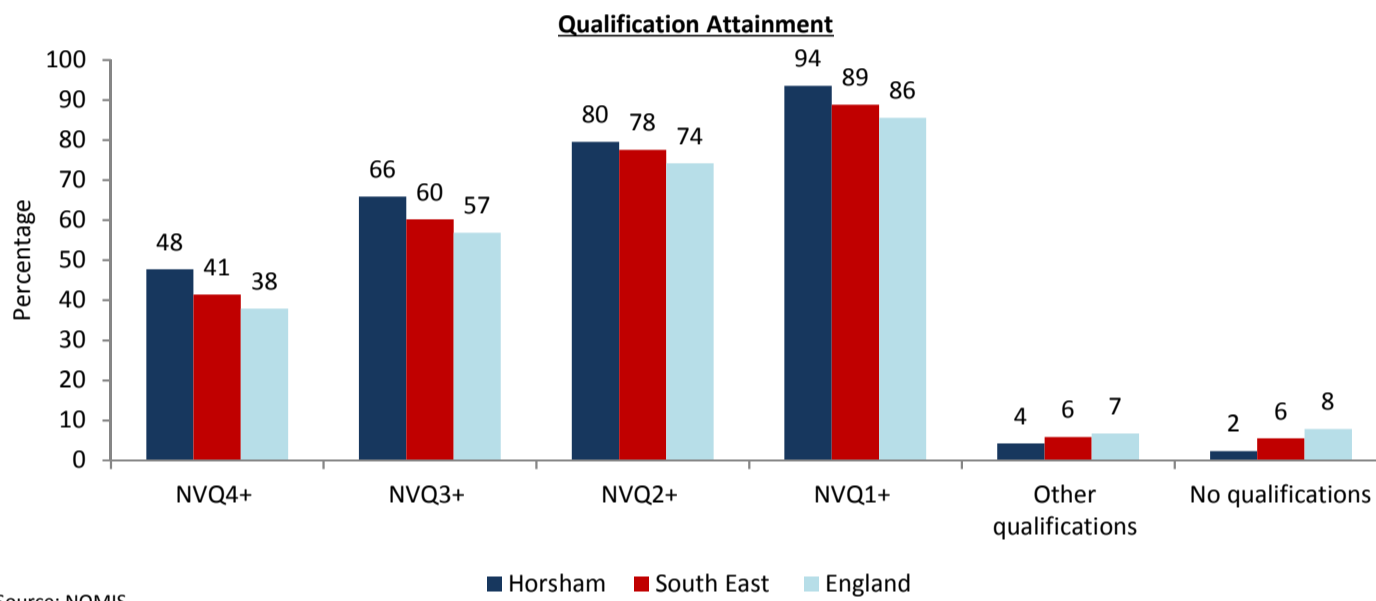
Socio-economic Factors cont.



Source: NOMIS

Source: NOMIS

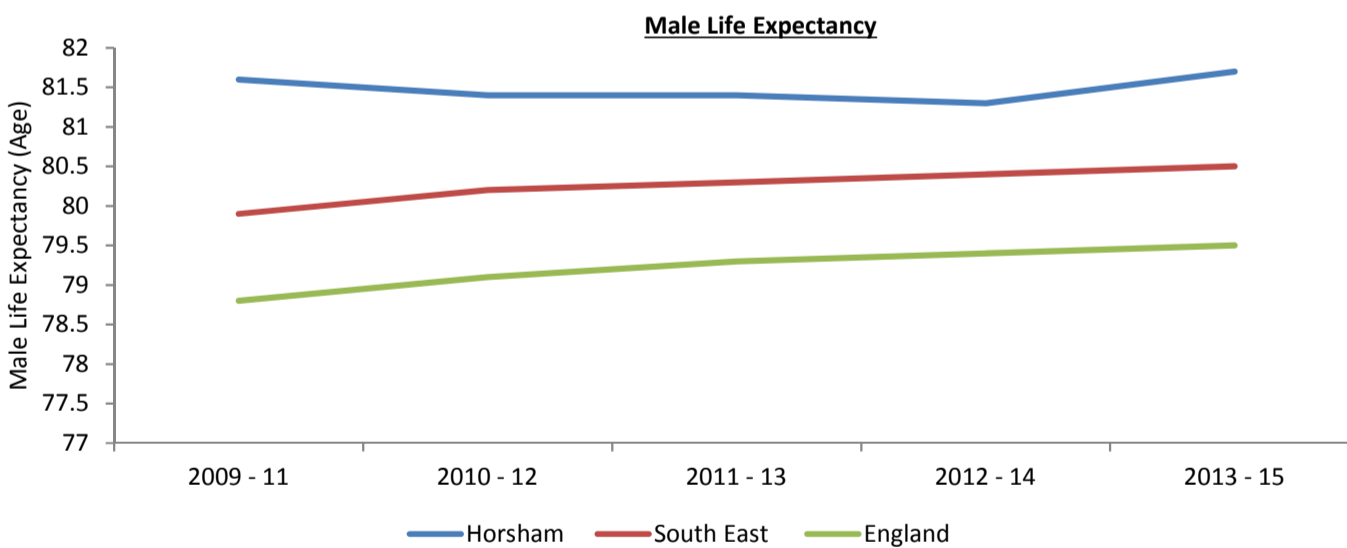
There are higher levels of employment and economic activity rates, while lower levels of unemployment and economic inactivity rates compared to regional and national averages. In addition, the proportion of the population claiming job seekers allowance shows a decreasing trendline, and is lower in comparison to regional and national averages. However, income is consistently lower in Horsham compared to regionally and nationally.



The proportion of residents in Horsham attaining NVQ1+ to NVQ4+ qualifications is higher than both the regional and national averages, while the proportion of residents with no qualifications and 'other' qualifications is lower.

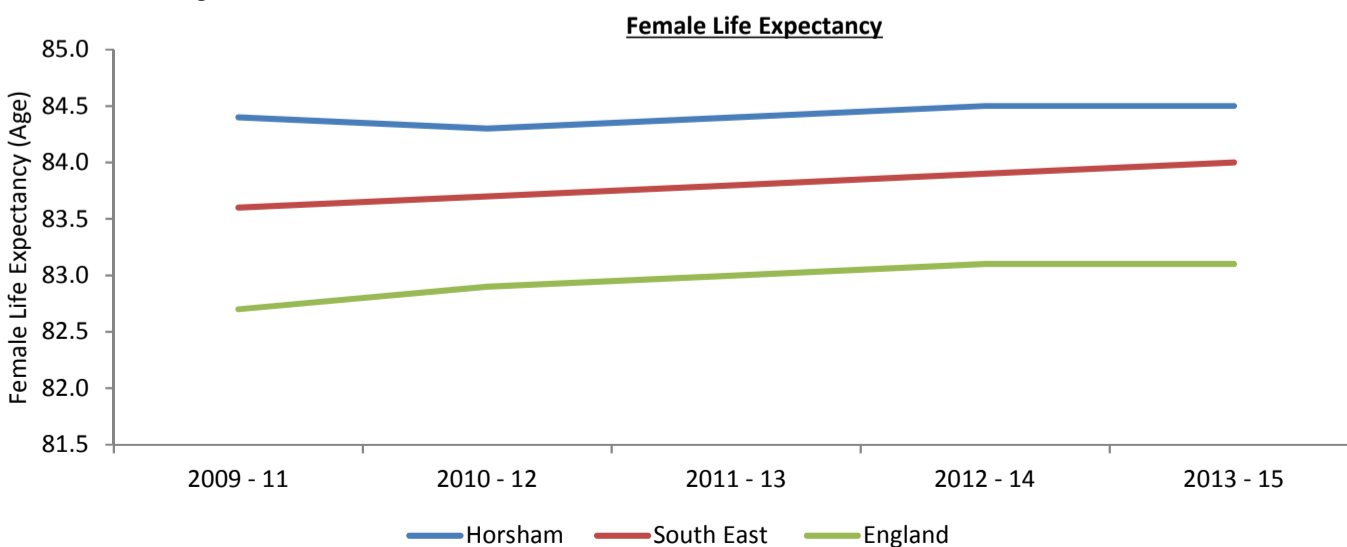
Source: NOMIS

Life Expectancy



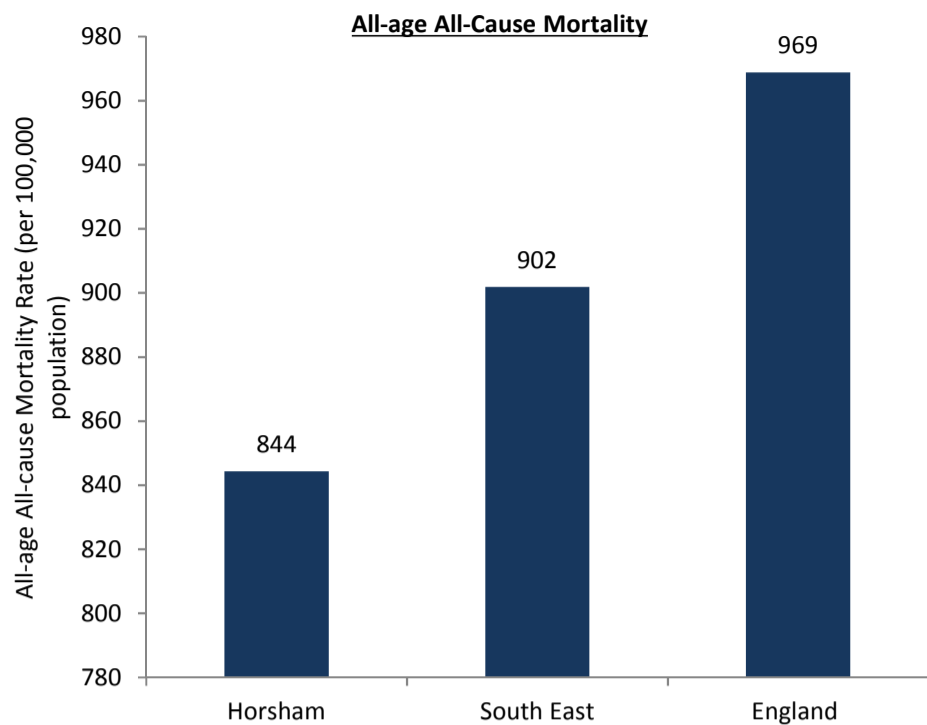
Male and female life expectancy in the Horsham local authority have remained relatively static over the years and are consistently higher than the regional and national average.

Source: Public Health England



Source: Public Health England

Mortality Statistics



Source: HSCIC

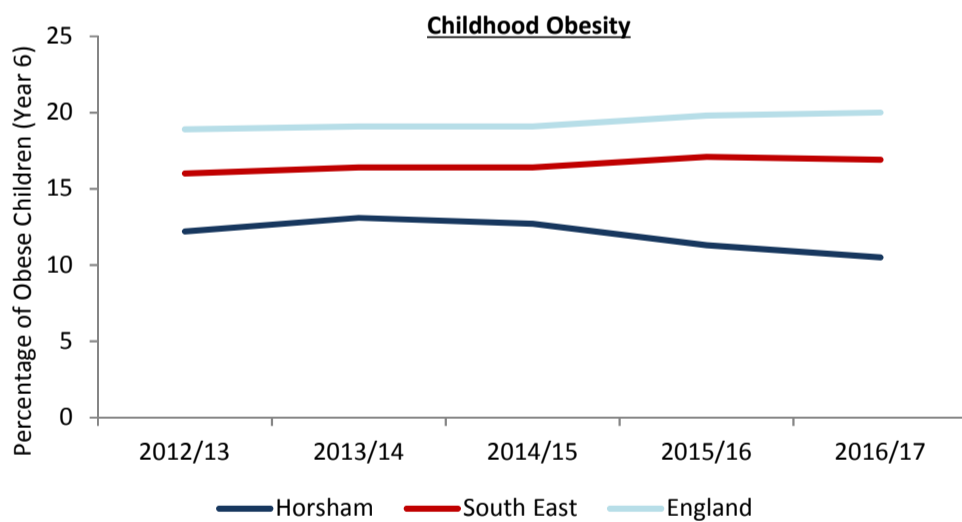
All-age all-cause mortality statistics show that Horsham has a lower all-age all-cause mortality rate compared to the regional and national averages.

Emergency hospital admissions for a range of cardiovascular and respiratory diseases is also considered to be lower than the national average based on standardised admission ratios for Coronary Heart Disease (CHD) and Chronic Obstructive Pulmonary Disease (COPD) which have been applied to cardiovascular and respiratory diseases respectively.

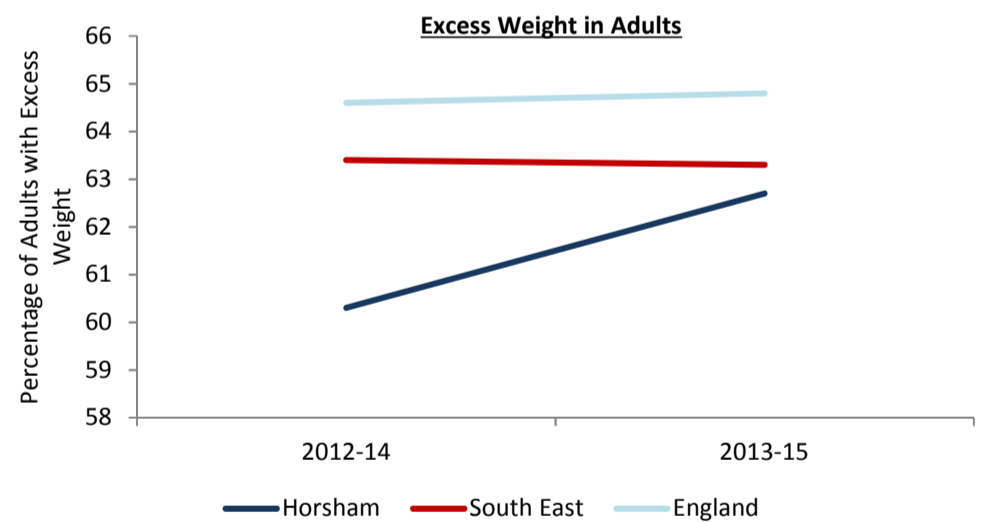
ICD Code	Disease	Emergency Hospital Admissions Incidence Rate (per 100,000)	
		England	Horsham
Cardiovascular			
I00-I09	Rheumatic heart disease	2.6	1.8
I10-I15	Hypertensive diseases	23.2	16.4
I20-I25	Ischaemic heart diseases	249.1	176.8
I26-I28	Pulmonary heart disease & diseases of pulmonary	48.3	34.3
I30-I52	Other forms of heart disease	326.7	232.0
I60-I69	Cerebrovascular diseases	166.7	118.4
I70-I79	Diseases of arteries, arterioles & capillaries	38.7	27.4
I80-I89	Diseases of veins & lymphatic system nec.	73.0	51.8
I95-I99	Other & unspecified disorders of the circulatory system	41.3	29.3
Respiratory			
J00-J06	Acute upper respiratory infections	223.2	89.3
J09-J18	Influenza & pneumonia	435.2	174.1
J20-J22	Other acute lower respiratory infections	270.3	108.1
J30-J39	Other diseases of upper respiratory tract	28.2	11.3
J40-J47	Chronic lower respiratory diseases	356.1	142.5
J60-J70	Lung diseases due to external agents	37.2	14.9
J80-J99	Other diseases of the respiratory system	81.0	32.4

Source: NOMIS and Public Health England Standardised Admission Ratios

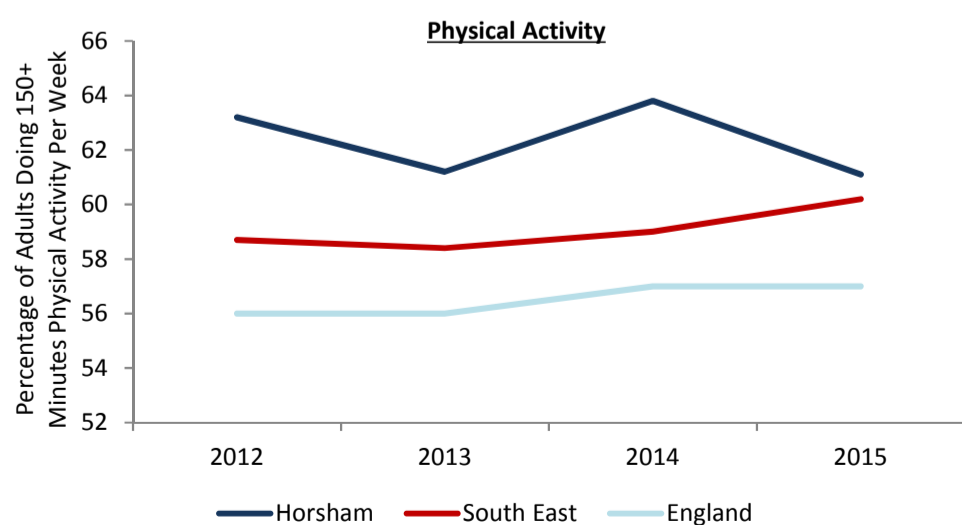
Lifestyle



Source: Public Health England



Source: Public Health England



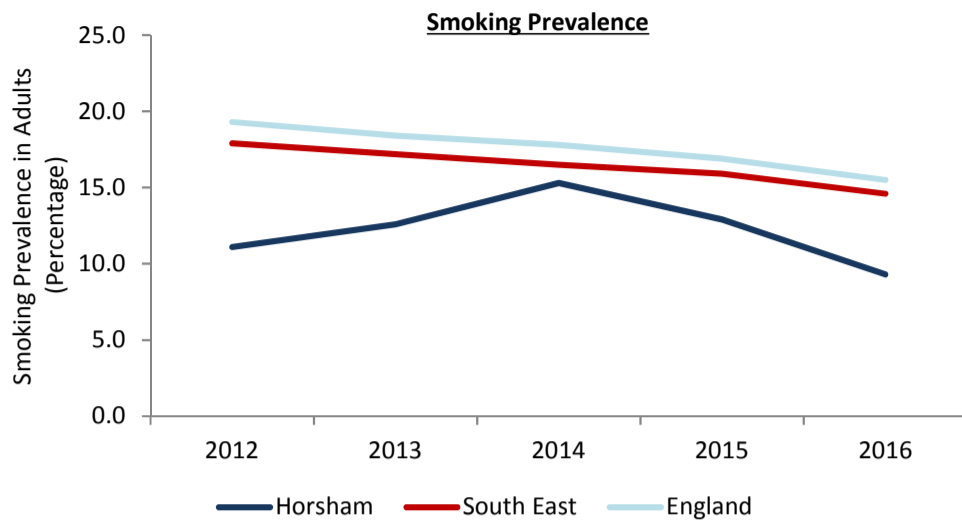
Source: Public Health England

Levels of childhood obesity are consistently lower in Horsham compared to the regional and national averages. Excess weight in adults in Horsham increased between 2012-14 and 2013-15. Despite the increase, levels of excess weight in Horsham remain lower than the national average, but have increased to above the regional average. Levels of physical activity in adults, defined as the percentage of adults doing 150+ minutes of physical activity per week, varies year on year but also remains consistently above the regional and national averages.

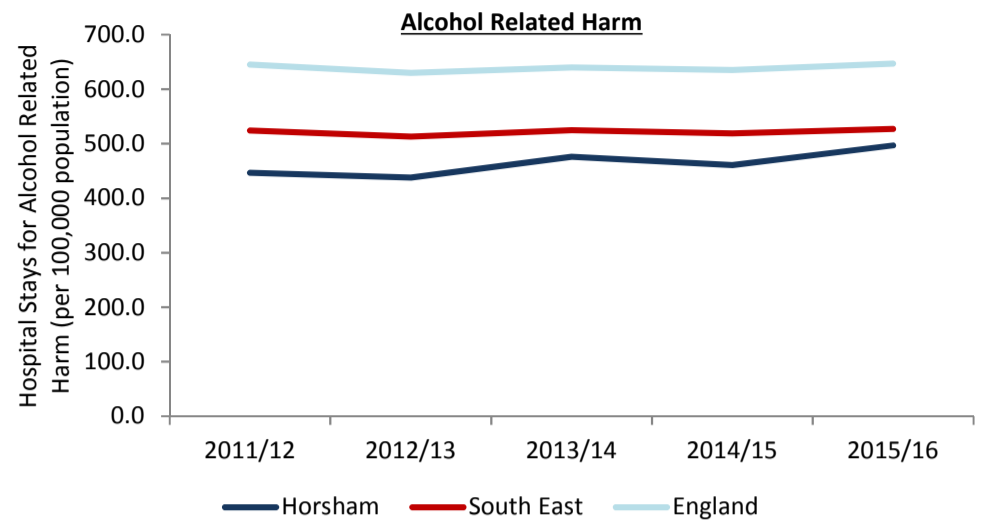
Lifestyle cont.

Smoking prevalence in Horsham increased from between 2012 and 2014 but then decreased between 2014 and 2016. Smoking prevalence remains consistently lower than the regional and national averages year on year.

The rate of hospital stays for alcohol related harm in Horsham is consistently lower than the regional and national averages but has been gradually increasing over the years.

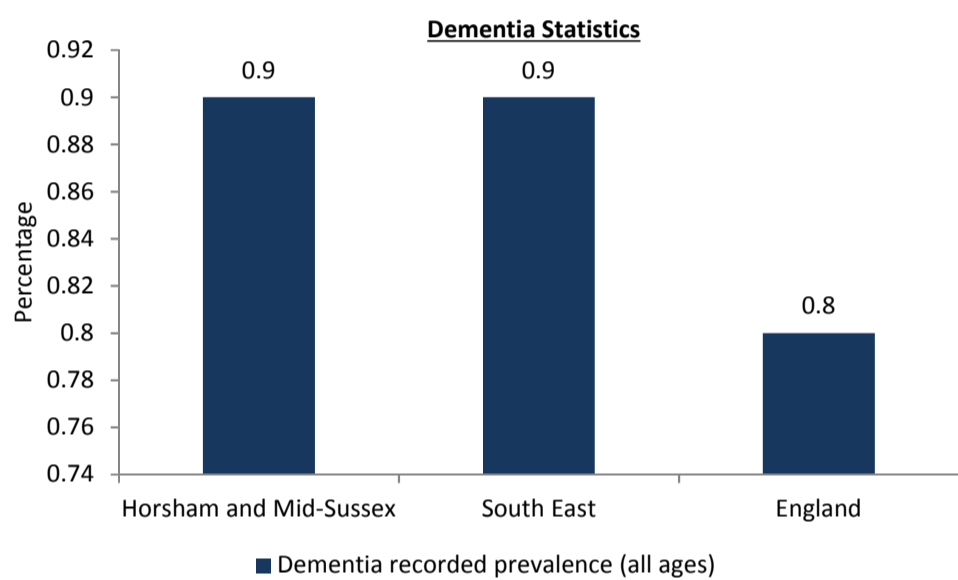


Source: Public Health England

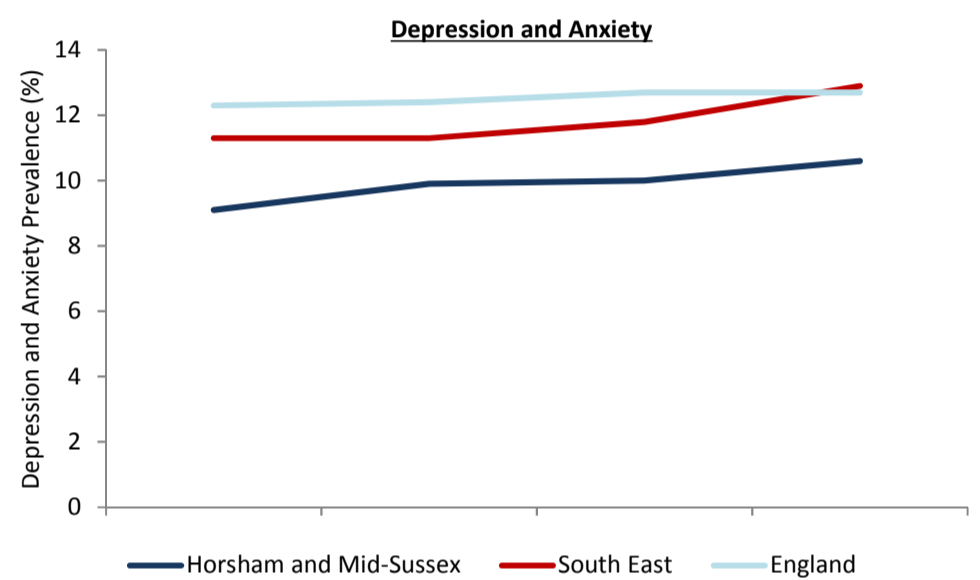


Source: Public Health England

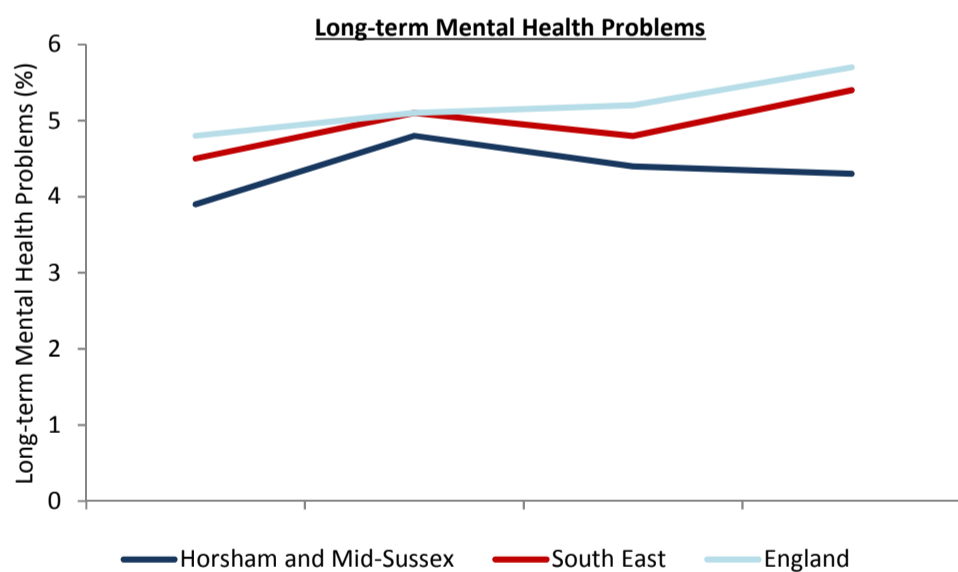
Mental Health



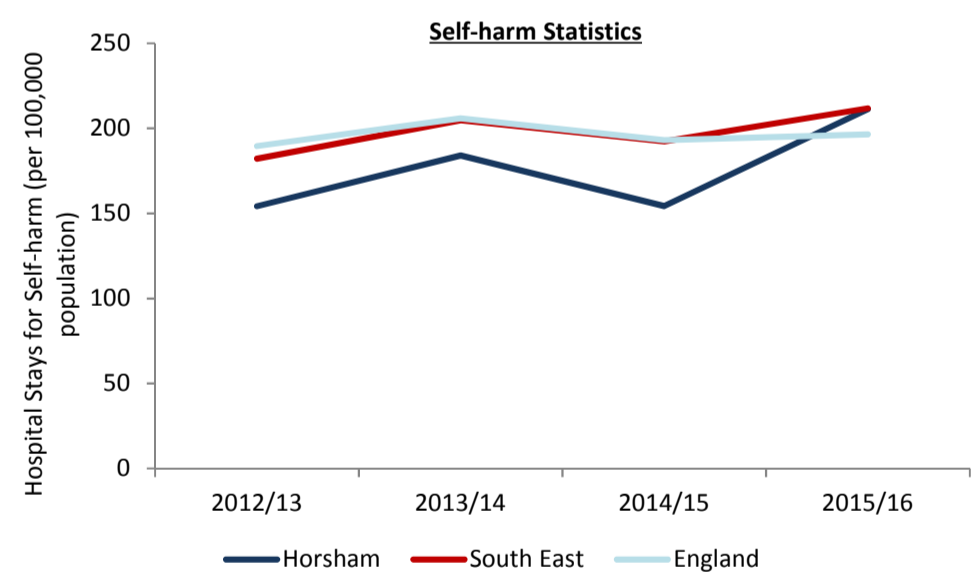
Source: Public Health England



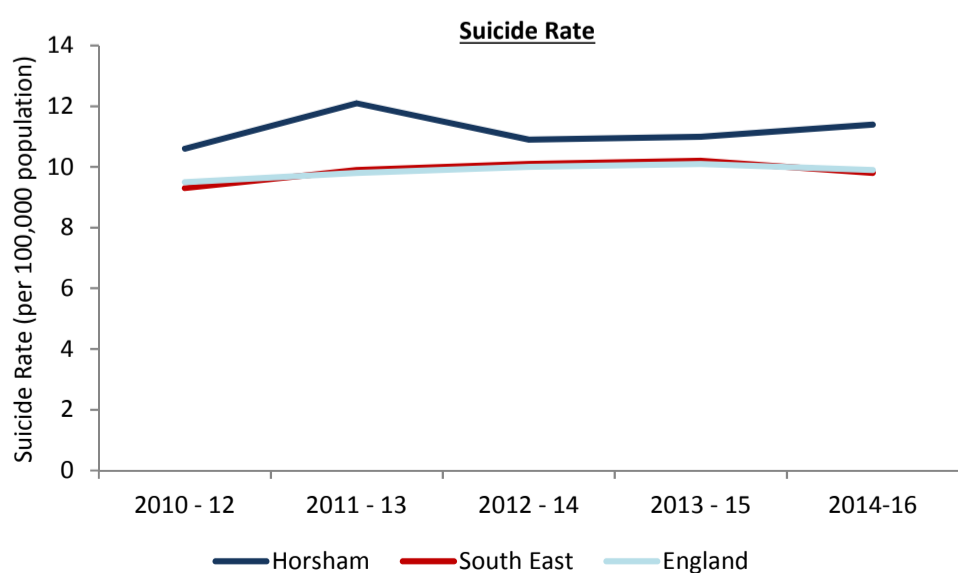
Source: Public Health England



Source: Public Health England



Source: Public Health England



Source: Public Health England

Dementia recorded prevalence is the same as the regional average and only 1% higher than the national average.

The prevalence of long-term mental health problems and depression and anxiety in Horsham is consistently lower than the regional and national averages.

However, suicide rate in Horsham is consistently higher than the national average.

Hospital admissions for self-harm were consistently lower than the regional and national averages between the years of 2012/13 and 2014/15. However, there is an increase in 2015/16 which brings the rate in Horsham to higher than the national average and just below the regional average.

Conclusion

When analysing Horsham local authority, it is clear that the study area performs better than the national average for the majority of socio-economic health and lifestyle indicators.

Although it is inevitable that there will be some individuals or groups of people who do not confirm to the health and wellbeing baseline outlined above, overall, it can be concluded that the local communities within the study area are not significantly more susceptible to any potential change to the environment.