# West Sussex Waste Local Plan Sustainability Appraisal Addendum: Proposed Main Modifications

November 2013





South Downs National Park Authority

Working in Partnership

## **1.0. Introduction**

1.1. West Sussex County Council and The South Downs National Park Authority ('The Authorities') have prepared a Waste Local Plan ('The Plan') which will cover the period to 2031 and replace the development control policies in the Revised Deposit Draft Waste Local Plan (2004). It includes a county-wide vision and strategic objectives together with use-specific policies including strategic waste sites and generic development management policies.

### 2.0. Purpose of Sustainability Appraisal

- 2.1. Legislative changes enacted under the Planning and Compulsory Purchase Act 2004, require all planning policy documents to be evaluated in terms of the likely social, economic and environmental implications. This means that a sustainability appraisal (SA) is required for each new document. In addition to undertaking SA, the European Union Directive 2001/42/EC 'on the effects of certain plans and programmes on the environment' requires planning authorities to produce a Strategic Environmental Assessment (SEA) as part of the preparation of their plans.
- 2.2. Although the requirements to carry out SA and SEA are distinct, it is possible to satisfy both through a single appraisal process. Accordingly, a SA, incorporating the requirements of the SEA Directive, of the Plan is required with the final SA report indicating how the requirements of the SEA Directive have been met.

## 3.0. Sustainability Appraisal of the Waste Local Plan

3.1. Government guidance ('A Practical Guide to SEA', 2005) suggests that SA and SEA is carried out according to a five stage process. Table 1 sets out these stages and summaries the work that has been carried to inform the WLP. The specific stages undertaken as part of the SA of the main modifications is highlighted in bold. More information can be found in Chapter 1 of the Regulation 22 SA Report (March, 2013).

Table 1: The SEA/SA	Process
SEA/SA Stages	Commentary
Stage A: Setting the context and objectives, establishing the	The first Scoping Report was prepared in 2006. This sets out the context, objectives, baseline data and identifies key issues.
baseline and deciding on the scope	The Scoping Report was updated in 2009 and has been recently updated again to reflect changes to national policy, the creation of the South Downs National Park and the fact that the SA now only covers waste. Consultation took place on the updated Scoping Report from 15 <sup>th</sup> August to 27 <sup>th</sup> September 2012.
Stage B: Developing and refining alternatives and assessing effects	Strategic Options and Policies Options were developed in the Minerals and Waste Core Strategy Preferred Option (2007) and the Strategic Waste Sites Allocations DPD (2007) which were both subject to SA and consulted upon in 2007.

	Background Paper 2: Waste Arisings and Waste Management Capacity (December, 2009) set out further strategic options for waste.
	The draft SA Report (August, 2012) included an assessment of options which were based on a combination of options in the documents above.
	<u>Sites</u> Site options were presented in Background Paper 6: Strategic Waste Sites (December, 2009). Appraisal of site options carried out in 2010 and informed the short list of sites. The Strategic Site Allocations were re-appraised and the results were published in the Draft SA Report (August, 2012).
	<u>Development Management Policies</u> No options were developed but the policies in the draft Plan were appraised in the SA Report (November, 2012) to inform the policies in the Proposed Submission Draft Plan.
	Proposed Main Modifications An SA of the proposed main modifications to the Plan was undertaken during July and August 2013 after the hearing sessions.
Stage C: Preparing	Draft SA Report (August, 2012)
the Environmental Report	SA Report (November, 2012)
	Proposed Main Modifications SA Report (August, 2013)
<b>Stage D:</b> Consulting on the draft plan or programme and the Environmental Report	Consultation on the draft Plan May to August 2012 and consultation on the draft SA Report between August and September 2012.
	Period for formal representations on the Proposed Submission Draft Plan and accompanying SA Report between November 2012 and January 2013.
	Consultation on the Proposed Main Modifications and accompanying SA Report between 4 <sup>th</sup> November and 16 <sup>th</sup> December 2013.
<b>Stage E:</b> Monitoring the significant effects of implementing the plan or programme	Measures for monitoring are set out in the Draft SA Report (August, 2012) and the SA Report (November, 2012). Monitoring to take place after the plan has been adopted.
on the environment	

- 3.2. The Waste Local Plan was independently examined between 2<sup>nd</sup> and 12<sup>th</sup> July 2013 by an Inspector who was appointed by the Secretary of State. The Inspector has indicated that in order to make the Plan 'sound' a number of main modifications are required which will be subject to a 6 week period of consultation between **4<sup>th</sup> November to 16<sup>th</sup> December 2013**. The Inspector will consider the comments before issuing his report.
- 3.3. An SA of any 'significant' (i.e. resulting in a change to strategy or policy) amendments to the policies is also required to assess the sustainability of the

proposed changes to the policies to accompany the main modifications consultation document.

3.4. SA Reports were published at Regulation 18, 19 and 22 stages. Rather than re-publish the entire content of the SA Report, this document is an addendum to the Regulation 22 SA Report (March, 2013) and provides a summary of the main changes the modifications have made to the SA 'scoring' as a result of the changes.

### 4.0. Sustainability Appraisal of Proposed Main Modifications

4.1. A number of changes have been made to the policies in the Plan. The table in Appendix A identifies which changes have been subject to SA in this document. The remaining changes are mainly to the supporting text, the data that supports the Plan and the background information. These changes do not alter the strategy or policy and are not therefore considered 'significant'. The policies that have been subject to SA are summarised below and the assessment tables are in Appendix B. For clarity, text that has been inserted into the policies is shown in *red italics* and text to be removed has been struck through.

#### 4.2. W0: Sustainable Development

#### West Sussex Waste Local Plan: Proposed Main Modifications (August, 2013)

Policy W0: Sustainable Development

- (a) When considering development proposals, the Authorities will take a positive approach that reflects the presumption in favour of 'sustainable development' contained in the National Planning Policy Framework. They will always work proactively with applicants jointly to find solutions which mean that proposals can be approved, wherever possible, and to secure development that improves the economic, social and environmental conditions in the area;
- (b) Planning applications that accord with the policies in this Local Plan (and, where relevant, with policies in neighbourhood plans) will be approved, unless material considerations indicate otherwise; and
- (c) Where there are no policies relevant to an application or relevant policies are out-of-date at the time of making the decision, then the Authorities will grant permission unless material considerations indicate otherwise – taking into account whether:
  - i. Any unacceptable impacts of granting permission would significantly and demonstrably outweigh the benefits, when assessed against the policies in the National Planning Policy Framework taken as a whole; or
  - ii. Specific policies in that Framework indicate that development should be restricted (e.g. those relating to designated landscapes and protected areas).

principle, for that purpose:

- Extension to Brookhurst Wood Landfill Site, near Horsham (Inset Map 4).
- (c) The development of a site allocated under (a)-(b) must take place in accordance with the policies of this Plan and satisfactorily address the 'development principles' for that site identified in the supporting text to this policy.
- (d) The sites allocated under (a)-(b) will be safeguarded from any development either on or adjoining the sites that would prevent or prejudice their development (in whole or in part) for the allocated waste management use or uses.

#### West Sussex Waste Local Plan: Proposed Main Modifications (August, 2013)

#### Policy W10: Strategic Waste Site Allocations

- (a) The following sites are allocated for waste management facilities and to meet identified shortfalls in transfer, recycling, and recovery capacity. Accordingly, they are acceptable, in principle, for the development of proposals waste management facilities for the transfer, recycling, and/or treatment recovery of waste (including the recycling of inert waste):
  - Site north of Wastewater Treatment Works, Ford (Inset Policy Map 1);
  - Hobbs Barn, near Climping (Inset Policy Map 2);
  - Fuel Depot, Bognor Road, Chichester (Inset Policy Map 3);
  - Brookhurst Wood, near Horsham (Inset Policy Map 4); and
  - Land west of Wastewater Treatment Works, Goddards Green (Inset Policy Map 5).
- (b) The following site is allocated for to meet an identified shortfall in noninert landfill capacity. Accordingly, it and is acceptable, in principle, for that purpose:
  - Extension to Brookhurst Wood Landfill Site, near Horsham (Inset Policy Map 4).
- (c) The development of a site allocated under (a)-(b) must take place in accordance with the policies of this Plan and satisfactorily address the 'development principles' for that site identified in the supporting text to this policy.
- (d) The sites allocated under (a)-(b) will be safeguarded from any development either on or adjoining the sites that would prevent or prejudice their development (in whole or in part) for the allocated waste management use or uses.

#### SA Summary:

The policy has been amended slightly since the Submission Plan but the purpose of the policy has not changed. The sites will meet a shortfall in waste management facilities within the county but the contribution of the built waste facilities to recycling or energy recovery is uncertain as the allocations are not

technology specific. There is therefore some uncertainty about their contribution to achieve 'zero waste to landfill'. However, other policies in the Plan allow sites to come forward through criteria-based policy.

Although the sites would generate more vehicle trips, they would be focused on the Lorry Route Network. In terms of many of the objectives, as the sites are dispersed, any effects would be felt locally rather than cumulatively. However, there may be cumulative effects from the sites in Arun District (Hobbs Barn and the Site Adjacent to WWTW, Ford). Height restrictions on facilities design on two sites close to the South Downs National park (Site Adjacent to Sewage Works, Ford and Fuel Depot, Chichester) would also be required.

Five of the six sites are located on previously developed land (PDL); therefore the cumulative effect of all sites is mainly positive in terms of making the best use of PDL and minimising the loss of best and most versatile land.

There has been no change to the SA scoring as a result of the amendments to this policy.

#### 4.8. Policy W13: Protected Landscapes

#### West Sussex Waste Local Plan Submission (March, 2013)

#### W13: Protected Landscapes

- (a) Proposals for waste development within protected landscapes (the South Downs National Park, the Chichester Harbour Area of Outstanding Natural Beauty (AONB), and the High Weald AONB) will not be permitted unless:
  - (i) the site is allocated for that purpose in an adopted plan; or
  - (ii) the proposal is for a small-scale facility to meet local needs that can be accommodated without undermining the objectives of the designation; or
  - (iii) the proposal is for major\* waste development that accords with part(c) of this Policy.
- (b) Proposals for waste development located outside protected landscapes but which would undermine the objectives of the designation, will not be permitted.
- (c) Proposals for major\* waste development within protected landscapes will not be permitted unless:
  - (i) there is an overriding need for the development within the designated area; and
  - (ii) the need cannot be met in some other way or met outside the designated area; and
  - (iii) any adverse impacts on the environment, landscape, and recreational opportunities can be satisfactorily mitigated.
- (d) Proposals involving the use of residual inert material associated with the restoration of an active or dormant mineral working will not be permitted unless:
  - (i) they accord with part (c) of this Policy and Policy W9; and
  - (ii) any temporary harm as a result of the operations would be outweighed by the long-term benefits of the proposed after-use.

#### West Sussex Waste Local Plan: Proposed Main Modifications (August, 2013)

#### W13: Protected Landscapes

- (a) Proposals for waste development within protected landscapes (the South Downs National Park, the Chichester Harbour Area of Outstanding Natural Beauty (AONB), and the High Weald AONB) will not be permitted unless:
  - (i) the site is allocated for that purpose in an adopted plan; or
  - (ii) the proposal is for a small-scale facility to meet local needs that can be accommodated without undermining the objectives of the designation; or
  - (iii) the proposal is for major\* waste development that accords with part(c) of this Policy.
- (b) Proposals for waste development located outside protected landscapes will be permitted provided they do not but which would undermine the objectives of the designation, will not be permitted.
- (c) Proposals for major\* waste development within protected landscapes will not be permitted unless:
  - (i) there is an overriding need for the development within the designated area; and
  - (ii) the need cannot be met in some other way or met outside the designated area; and
  - (iii) any adverse impacts on the environment, landscape, and recreational opportunities can be satisfactorily mitigated.
- (d) Proposals involving the use of residual inert material associated with the restoration of an active or dormant mineral working will not be permitted unless:

(i) they accord with part (c) of this Policy and Policy W9; and

- (ii) any temporary harm as a result of the operations would be
  - outweighed by the long-term benefits of the proposed after-use.

### SA Summary:

Policy W13 ensures that the nationally important landscapes (SDNP and AONB) in West Sussex are protected from development in accordance with national policy. In this respect it scores positively against public amenity; users of the countryside and PROW; landscape and townscape character; and biodiversity and geodiversity. By restricting waste sites to locations outside the protected landscapes, sites may not be optimally located in terms of the Lorry Route Network.

The change to the policy to delete clause (d) has no effect on the scoring against the objectives particularly as this is now picked up within Policy W9.

# **APPENDIX A: Summary of Modifications to the West Sussex Waste Local Plan**

Additional or Main Modification <sup>1</sup>	Policy/Paragraph/Number/ Table No.	Summary of Change	Require SA?
Main	Policy W0	Insert new policy 'Policy W0: Presumption in Favour of Sustainable Development' (Refer to Schedule of Modifications, August, 2013)	Yes
Main	Policy W1	Change to policy wording (refer to Schedule of Modifications, August, 2013)	Yes
Main	Policy W3	Change to policy wording (Refer to Schedule of Modifications, August 2013)	Yes
Main	Policy W8	Change to policy wording (refer to Schedule of Modifications, August, 2013)	Yes
Main	Policy W9	Change to policy wording (refer to Schedule of Modifications, August, 2013)	Yes
Main	Policy W10	Change to policy wording (refer to Schedule of Modifications, August, 2013)	Yes
Main	Table 4, para 7.4.5.	Change to site area of Fuel Depot to 1ha (Refer to Schedule of Modifications, August, 2013)	No – although the site area has changed, the capacity of the sites remains the same.
Main	Policy W13	Change to policy wording (refer to Schedule of Modifications, August, 2013)	Yes
Main	Policy W20	Change to policy wording (refer to Schedule of	Yes

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Additional modifications are not required to be formally consulted upon. Main modifications will be subject to consultation.

Modifications, August, 2013)
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#### Policy W10: Strategic Waste Site Allocations

- (a) The following sites are allocated for waste management facilities and to meet identified shortfalls in transfer, recycling, and recovery capacity. Accordingly, they are acceptable, in principle, for the development of proposals waste management facilities for the transfer, recycling, and/or treatment recovery of waste (including the recycling of inert waste):
  - Site north of Wastewater Treatment Works, Ford (Inset Policy Map 1);
  - Hobbs Barn, near Climping (Inset Policy Map 2);
  - Fuel Depot, Bognor Road, Chichester (Inset Policy Map 3);
  - Brookhurst Wood, near Horsham (Inset Policy Map 4); and
  - Land west of Wastewater Treatment Works, Goddards Green (Inset Policy Map 5).
- (b) The following site is allocated for non-inert landfill and is acceptable, in principle, for that purpose:
  - Extension to Brookhurst Wood Landfill Site, near Horsham (Inset Policy Map 4).
- (c) The development of a site allocated under (a)-(b) must take place in accordance with the policies of this Plan and satisfactorily address the 'development principles' for that site identified in the supporting text to this policy.
- (d) The sites allocated under (a)-(b) will be safeguarded from any development either on or adjoining the sites that would prevent or prejudice their development (in whole or in part) for the allocated waste management use or uses.

	Polic	cy W1	0		
Appraisal Objective		Medium-term	Long-term	Mitigation/Enhancement	Commentary
A: To protect and, where possible, enhance the health, well-being and amenity of residents and neighbouring land-uses	N	N	N	Policy should be applied alongside development management policies.	Sites have been selected as optimal sites and are dispersed justifies neutral impact. Site preferable to others.
<b>B:</b> To protect and, where possible, enhance the amenity of users of the PROW and other users of the countryside including transport networks	N	N	N	As above	As above

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Policy W10: Strategic Waste Site Allocations C: To ensure the risk of flooding is not increased	+	+	+	Sites would need to comply with	All sites have been selected using the sequential
				policy W17:Flooding. Facility design would need to incorporate SUDs.	approach and therefore score positively in terms of this objective.
<b>D:</b> To provide an adequate supply of suitable waste facilities to sustain economic growth and maintain social welfare	+	+	+	NA	Delivery of all sites would meet the shortfall in waste management facilities within the County in accordance with the spatial strategy.
E: To protect and, where possible, enhance the vitality and viability of the local economy	+	+	+	NA	The cumulative effect of all sites coming forward would create employment opportunities within the waste industry and would support businesses by providing competitively priced waste management facilities and the associated supply of secondary materials. The sites are spread throughout the county and therefore any negative impacts in terms of this objective would be dispersed.
F: To minimise transport of waste by roads. Where road use is necessary, to reduce the impact by promoting use of the Lorry Route Network			-	Should be applied alongside Policy W18: Transport, in order to minimise transport of waste & maximise use of Lorry Route Network.	In terms of this objective, the impacts have been assessed through the site assessment/selection process and are considered acceptable. The sites are spread throughout the county and therefore any negative impacts on the roads accessing the Lorry Route Network would be felt locally rather than cumulatively. The location of sites also means that waste would be dealt with close to source. Overall, the sites would generate more vehicle trips but would be focused on the Lorry Route Network. There will be an increase in greenhouse gases. Possible cumulative impacts on Church Lane/A259 roundabout and A280/A27 dumbell roundabouts arising from Hobbs Barn and Site North of WWTW (Ford).

Policy W10: Strategic Waste Site Allocations									
<b>G:</b> To protect and, where possible, enhance landscape and townscape character		N	N	Should be applied alongside Policy W11: Character.	Sites have been assessed in terms of their landscape impact and their dispersal means than cumulative impacts are minimised. Negative score given in the short term with neutral in the medium and long term as mitigation measures are established. Potential cumulative impact on views from the SDNP from Site North of WWTW (Ford) and Fuel Depot (Chichester) if tall stacks proposed.				
<b>H:</b> To protect and, where possible, enhance the historic environment	N	N	N	Should be applied alongside Policy W15: Historic Environment	Sites have been assessed in terms of their impact on the historic environment. Dispersal of sites means that impacts will be experienced locally rather than cumulatively and can be mitigated against.				
I: To make the best use of previously developed land and minimise the loss of best and most versatile land and strategically significant mineral resources.	+	+	+		5 of the 6 sites are located on previously developed land; therefore the cumulative effect of all sites is mainly positive in terms of making best use of previously developed land and minimising the loss of best and most versatile land. However this is offset by strong objection on greenfield site proposed.				
					The cumulative effect of sites would not result in strategically important mineral resources being sterilised.				
<b>J:</b> To protect and, where possible, enhance biodiversity and geodiversity	N	N	N	Should be applied alongside Policy W14: Biodiversity and Geodiversity	Sites have been assessed in terms of their impact on the biodiversity and geodiversity. Dispersal of sites means that impacts will be experienced locally rather than cumulatively and can be mitigated against. Sites may offer opportunities for enhancement therefore overall neutral score given.				
<b>K:</b> To reduce the amount of waste and increase the re-use and recycling of materials and encourage, where possible, the production and use of secondary materials	N	N	N	NA	Sites are not allocated for specific technologies therefore neutral score given as recycling sites would score positively against this objective but recovery sites would score negatively as this may discourage recycling.				

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Policy W10: Strategic Waste Site Allocations								
L: Promote recovery of value from residual waste and reduce the amount of waste going to landfill for disposal	+	+	+	NA	Delivery of all sites would meet the shortfall in waste management facilities within the County in accordance with the spatial strategy and reduce the amount of waste going to landfill.			
<b>M:</b> To reduce air pollution and to protect and, where possible, enhance air quality.	N	N	N	Should be applied alongside Policy W16: Air, soil & water	Dispersal of sites means that impacts will be experienced locally rather than cumulatively and can be mitigated against. Neutral given as sites that may have associated emissions to air site selection process has aimed to choose best locations away from AQMAs.			
<b>N:</b> To protect and, where possible, enhance soil quality	N	N	N	Should be applied alongside Policy W16: Air, soil & water	Dispersal of sites means that impacts will be experienced locally rather than cumulatively and can be mitigated against. Potential for remediation of ground contamination at Fuel Depot, Chichester. No overall enhancement opportunities identified at this stage.			
<b>O:</b> To protect and, where possible, enhance water resources, water quality and the function of the water environment	N	N	N	Should be applied alongside Policy W16: Air, soil & water	Dispersal of sites means that impacts will be experienced locally rather than cumulatively and can be mitigated against. Land at Goddards Green site may offer potential enhancement opportunities to the River Adur which is rated as 'poor' under the Water Framework Directive but would need to be determined at application stage.			
<b>P:</b> To reduce the emission of greenhouse gases and promote the use of renewable and lower carbon energy sources.	+	+	+	Should be applied alongside Policy W12: High Quality Development.	Cumulative effect of sites would mean that more waste would be diverted from landfill therefore reducing methane emissions. Sites could also offer opportunity for renewable or lower carbon energy.			
Assessment Summary	<ul> <li>The sites would meet the shortfall in waste management facilities within the County but their contribution to energy recovery or recycling is unknown as the allocations are not technology specific.</li> <li>Although the sites would generate more vehicle trips, they would be focused on the Lorry Route Network. In terms of many of the objectives, as the sites are dispersed, the effects would be felt locally rather than cumulatively. However, there may be cumulative effects from the sites in Arun District (Hobbs Barn and the Site Adjacent to Wastewater Treatment Works, Ford) in terms of traffic which would require further transport assessments and planning conditions at planning application stage to mitigate any impacts. Height restrictions on facility design on two sites close to the South Downs National Park (Site Adjacent to Sewage Works, Ford and Fuel Depot, Chichester) would also be required.</li> <li>Five of the six sites are located on previously developed land; therefore the cumulative effect of all sites is mainly positive in terms of making best use of previously developed land and minimising the loss of best and most versatile land.</li> </ul>							

#### **Policy W13: Protected Landscapes**

#### W13: Protected Landscapes

(a) Proposals for waste development within protected landscapes (the South Downs National Park, the Chichester Harbour Area of Outstanding Natural Beauty (AONB), and the High Weald AONB) will not be permitted unless:

(i) the site is allocated for that purpose in an adopted plan; or

(ii) the proposal is for a small-scale facility to meet local needs that can be accommodated without undermining the objectives of the designation; or

(iii) the proposal is for major\* waste development that accords with part (c) of this Policy.

(b) Proposals for waste development located outside protected landscapes will be permitted provided they do not but which would undermine the objectives of the designation, will not be permitted.

- (c) Proposals for major\* waste development within protected landscapes will not be permitted unless:
- (i) there is an overriding need for the development within the designated area; and
- (ii) the need cannot be met in some other way or met outside the designated area; and
- (iii) any adverse impacts on the environment, landscape, and recreational opportunities can be satisfactorily mitigated.

(d) Proposals involving the use of residual inert material associated with the restoration of an active or dormant mineral working will not be permitted unless:

(i) they accord with part (c) of this Policy and Policy W9; and

(ii) any temporary harm as a result of the operations would be outweighed by the long-term benefits of the proposed after-use.

	Policy W13				
Appraisal Objective	Short-term offacte 0-5vre	Medium-term	Long-term	Mitigation/ Enhancement	Commentary
<b>A</b> : To protect and, where possible, enhance the health, well- being and amenity of residents and neighbouring land-uses	+	+	+	Policy should be applied alongside W19.	Policy aims to protect SDNP and AONB which are important for health, amenity and well- being.
<b>B</b> : To protect and, where possible, enhance the amenity of users of the PROW and other users of the countryside including transport networks	+	+	+	Policy would need to be applied alongside policy W19.	Policy aims to protect SDNP and AONB which would have a positive impact on this objective.
<b>C</b> : To ensure the risk of flooding is not increased	NA	NA	NA	NA	Policy is not applicable to this objective

Policy W13: Protected Landscapes	111	i The	- yet		
<b>D</b> : To provide an adequate supply of suitable waste facilities to sustain economic growth and maintain social welfare	NA	NA	NA	NA	Policy is not applicable to this objective
<b>E</b> : To protect and, where possible, enhance the vitality and viability of the local economy	NA	NA	NA	NA	Policy is not applicable to this objective
<b>F</b> : To minimise transport of waste by roads. Where road use is necessary, to reduce the impact by promoting use of the Lorry Route Network	-	-		NA	Policy restricts siting of waste facilities within protected landscapes which may prevent optimal siting of waste facility.
<b>G</b> : To protect and, where possible, enhance landscape and townscape character	+	+	+	Policy would need to be applied alongside policy W12.	Policy aims to protect SDNP and AONB which would have a positive impact on this objective.
<b>H</b> : To conserve and, where possible, enhance the historic environment	NA	NA	NA	NA	Policy is not applicable to this objective
<b>I:</b> To make the best use of previously developed land and minimise the loss of best and most versatile land and strategically significant mineral resources.	N	N	N	Policy would need to be applied alongside policy W16.	Policy could score positively against this objective as it could encourage using previously developed land outside protected landscapes. Policy does not make reference to directing waste sites to previously developed land if within the protected landscapes.
<b>J</b> : To protect and, where possible, enhance biodiversity and geodiversity	+	+	+	Policy would need to be applied alongside policy W14.	Protection of AONB and SDNP would have a positive impact on biodiversity.
<b>K</b> : To reduce the amount of waste and increase the re-use and recycling of materials and encourage, where possible, the production and use of secondary materials	NA	NA	NA	NA	Policy is not applicable to this objective
L: Promote recovery of value from residual waste and reduce the amount of waste going to landfill for disposal	NA	NA	NA	NA	Policy is not applicable to this objective
<b>M</b> : To reduce air pollution and to protect and, where possible, enhance air quality.	NA	NA	NA	NA	Policy is not applicable to this objective
N: To protect and, where possible, enhance soil quality	NA	NA	NA	NA	Policy is not applicable to this objective
<b>O</b> : To protect and, where possible, enhance water resources, water quality and the function of the water environment	NA	NA	NA	NA	Policy is not applicable to this objective

Policy W13: Protected Landscapes								
<b>P</b> : To reduce the emission of greenhouse gases and promote the use of renewable and lower carbon energy sources.	NA	NA	NA	NA	Policy is not applicable to this objective			
Assessment Summary	Suss score outs Rout deve	ex are es pos ide the e Netv loped	e prote itively e Prote vork. I land i	ected from development in acc against objectives A, B, G and ected Landscapes, sites may no Policy does not make reference	nt landscapes (SDNP and AONB) in West ordance with national policy. In this respect it J. By restricting waste sites to locations of be optimally located in terms of the Lorry e to directing waste sites to previously bes. Change to policy to delete clause (d) has no			